

Trade.—In view of the immense quantity of fish taken annually by Canadian fishermen, the trade must depend to a large extent upon the foreign market as an outlet for the product. From 60 to 70 p.c. of the yearly capture is an average export, of which the United States takes approximately one-half and the United Kingdom one-fourth. The most important single export is canned salmon (to the United Kingdom and European markets), followed by fresh lobster, canned lobster, fresh salmon, fresh whitefish, and dried cod (to the West Indies, South America, etc.). For fresh fish the United States is the chief market. A complete analysis of imports and exports, as well as of production, is given in the "Report on Fisheries Statistics, 1938," issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

12.—Values of Exports and Imports of Fish and Fish Products, Fiscal Years 1902-39.

NOTE.—In this table "Exports" includes seal oil and skins, fish oils, and whale oil, and "Imports" includes turtles, whalebone, shells and their products, fur skins of marine animals, fish, seal, and whale oils, and ambergris, in addition to fishery products as shown in Tables 12 and 13 of Chapter XVI on External Trade in this volume.

Year.	Exports of Domestic Fish.	Imports of Fish, etc., for Home Consumption.		Year.	Exports of Domestic Fish.	Imports of Fish, etc., for Home Consumption.	
		Dutiable.	Free.			Dutiable.	Free.
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
1902.....	14,143,294	620,706	525,459	1921.....	33,615,119	2,416,152	1,876,303
1903.....	11,800,184	659,717	743,703	1922.....	29,578,392	2,172,850	996,763
1904.....	10,759,029	734,800	850,945	1923.....	27,816,935	2,066,300	899,531
1905.....	11,114,318	752,558	751,402	1924.....	30,925,769	1,878,336	648,696
1906.....	16,025,840	814,540	1,234,563	1925.....	33,967,009	2,064,222	997,059
1907 ¹	10,362,142	735,045	924,046	1926.....	37,487,517	1,949,269	641,240
1908.....	13,867,367	838,037	1,103,649	1927.....	36,365,454	2,347,890	909,188
1909.....	13,319,664	784,176	925,173	1928.....	35,660,287	2,595,591	1,181,067
1910.....	15,663,162	952,522	820,183	1929.....	37,962,929	2,956,182	1,218,386
1911.....	15,675,544	1,175,072	820,019	1930.....	37,185,185	3,078,385	1,100,335
1912.....	16,704,678	1,261,096	1,148,522	1931.....	29,693,978	2,393,870	988,689
1913.....	16,336,721	1,608,663	910,923	1932.....	24,854,088	1,726,622	701,632
1914.....	20,623,560	1,558,663	773,109	1933.....	17,425,228	1,281,466	425,138
1915.....	19,687,068	1,155,186	701,112	1934.....	20,972,444	1,278,497	539,456
1916.....	22,377,977	895,371	695,702	1935.....	23,294,508	1,799,936	726,168
1917.....	24,889,253	1,347,511	1,128,768	1936.....	25,572,665	1,877,831	798,380
1918.....	32,602,151	1,039,585	1,884,041	1937.....	26,702,831	1,942,849	1,101,926
1919.....	37,137,072	1,054,848	2,128,970	1938.....	28,516,040 ²	1,847,339	1,163,700
1920.....	42,227,996	2,605,379	1,446,493	1939.....	28,042,186	2,091,827	1,083,233

¹ Nine months.

² Revised since the publication of the 1939 Year Book.